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HOW TO MAKE YOUR OWN PALADIN LTS (VERSION 9 OR HIGHER) USB with PERSISTENCE MODE

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How to Make Your Own PALADIN LTS USB

IMPORTANT:

This guide shows you how to create a bootable PALADIN LTS (Version 9 or higher) USB drive. You can optionally enable **Persistence Mode**, which lets you save settings, updates, and files between reboots — turning your PALADIN USB into a powerful, portable forensic toolkit.

What You Will Need

- A USB drive (16GB or larger recommended)
- A Windows PC
- The PALADIN LTS ISO
 → Download from sumuri.com/product/paladin-lts
- One of the following free tools to create the USB:
 - **<u>Rufus</u>** (Recommended allows you to add a Persistence volume during setup)
 - <u>balenaEtcher</u> (Simple interface, but does *not* support Persistence volume creation)

Why Use Persistence Mode?

Persistence Mode lets you **save your work and settings** on the PALADIN USB, even after restarting the computer.

With Persistence Mode, you can:

- Keep custom settings (like Autopsy configs or network preferences)
- Retain downloaded tools and software updates
- Save logs, case notes, and reports
- Avoid reconfiguring PALADIN every time you boot

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Without Persistence Mode, everything resets after each reboot - no files or settings are saved.

Step-by-Step Instructions

Download PALADIN LTS



- Go to sumuri.com/product/paladin-lts
- Add PALADIN LTS to your cart and complete the free donation checkout
- Download the PALADIN LTS ISO file from the link provided after checkout
- Creating a PALADIN USB will erase everything on the drive. Back up any important files before continuing.
- If you choose to enable Persistence Mode, the size you allocate will determine how much data and how many changes can be saved.
- Even with Persistence Mode, **always back up important case data** to a separate, secure location.

Rufus vs. balenaEtcher

- **Rufus** is recommended because it allows you to create a Persistence volume *during* setup.
- **balenaEtcher** is easier to use and verifies the image after flashing, but it does *not* support creating a Persistence volume at the same time.



You can use either tool to create a bootable PALADIN USB, but your experience may vary depending on which one you choose.

Method 1: Using Rufus (Recommended)

Download and Open Rufus

Link	Туре	Platform	Size	Date			
rufus-4.7.exe	Standard	Windows x64	1.6 MB	2025.04.09			
rufus-4.7p.exe	Portable	Windows x64	1.6 MB	2025.04.09			
rufus-4.7_x86.exe	Standard	Windows x86	1.6 MB	2025.04.09			
rufus-4.7_arm64.exe	Standard	Windows ARM64	5.3 MB	2025.04.09			

- Go to <u>rufus.ie</u> and download the latest version
- Plug your USB drive into your Windows PC
- Open the Rufus application

Set Up Your PALADIN USB with Persistence in Rufus

F Rufus 4.6.2208 (Portable)		_		×	
Drive Properties					
PRUSAI3MK3S (E:) [16 GB]				~	
Boot selection					
PALADIN_9.iso	~	\oslash	SELECT		
Persistent partition size					
I		0 (No pe	ersistence)		
Partition scheme	n				
GPT ~	UEFI (non C	SM)		~ ?	
 Show advanced drive properties 					
Format Options					
Volume lahel					
Paladin 9.0.0 LTS amd64 2025.03					
File system	Cluster size				
NTFS	4096 bytes (Default)				
 Show advanced format options 					
Status					
status —					
READY					
on 🕉 🗊 🕈 🗉	START		CLOSE		
Using image: PALADIN_9.iso					



Inside Rufus:

- 1. **Device** Select your USB drive
- Boot Selection Choose "Disk or ISO image", then click Select and choose your downloaded PALADIN LTS ISO
- Persistent Partition Size Choose how much space to reserve for saving files and settings
 - Example: Use 8GB for persistence on a 16GB drive
- 4. Partition Scheme Select GPT
- 5. File System Choose NTFS
 - Note: PALADIN includes files larger than 4GB, which FAT32 cannot support
- 6. Leave all other settings as they are
- 7. Click **Start**, then confirm any prompts that appear

Format the Persistence Volume as writable

Imagae	Device	Model		FileSystem	Label	Size	Mount Path	Bitlock
mager	/dev/	Samsung SSD 990 PRO 1TB			The second second	931.51GB		No
mage Converter	/dev/	Samsung SSD 990 PRO 1TB		vfat	1	1.05GB	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	No
Find	/dev/	Samsung SSD 990 PRO 1TB		ext4		930.46GB		No
Unallocated	/dev/	Samsung SSD 990 PRO 1TB				931.51GB		No
onanocacca	/dev/	Samsung SSD 990 PRO 1TB				897.35GB		No
Disk Manager	/dev/	Samsung SSD 990 PRO 1TB			swap	34.16GB		No
Network Share	/dev/sda	PSSD T7				1863.02GB		No
clain and Pastora	/dev/sda1	PSSD T7		ext4	writable	1863.01GB		No
/dev/sdb		Туре-С				119.51GB		No
Logical Imager	/dev/sdb1	Type-C		exfat	PALADIN	69.48GB		No
	/dev/sdb2	-	Fo	rmat		× MB		No
	/dev/sdb3					PGB		No
		Label	writable					
		FS Type	EXT4			<u>•</u>		
	<u>.</u>	Refresh	Mount-R Mi	ount-RW Uni	Mount	Verify Fo	ormat Wip	e
	Task Logs	System Logs	Verify W	ipe				

To make sure Persistence Mode works correctly, you can label the persistent partition as writable:



- 1. Boot into PALADIN using the USB drive you just created
- 2. Open the PALADIN Toolbox and select Disk Manager
- 3. Find the persistent partition (usually formatted as ext4 and may not have a label)
- If needed, reformat it as ext4 and set the label to: writable (all lowercase)
- 5. Apply and confirm the changes

Why label it "writable"?

Labeling the partition writable ensures PALADIN recognizes it as the persistence volume — allowing it to save settings, logs, downloaded tools, case files, and other changes between boots.

Method 2: Using BalenaEtcher



Note: **balenaEtcher does not support adding a Persistence volume during setup.** You can still use this method to create a bootable PALADIN USB, just without persistence.

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Steps:

1. Download and install balenaEtcher

→ <u>https://etcher.balena.io</u>

- 2. Open balenaEtcher and insert your USB drive
 - Plug the USB into your Windows or Mac computer
 - Launch the balenaEtcher app

3. Select the PALADIN LTS ISO

- Click "Flash from file" or "Select image"
- Find and open your downloaded PALADIN LTS ISO

4. Select the target USB drive

- Click "Select target"
- Choose your USB drive carefully this will erase everything on it

5. Start the flashing process

- Click "Flash!"
- If prompted, grant administrative permissions

6. Wait for flashing and validation to complete

- balenaEtcher will write the ISO and verify it afterward
- When it says "Flash Complete," you're done

7. Eject the USB safely

• You can now remove the drive and use it to boot into PALADIN

Important Tip:

Always double-check that you are formatting the correct partition to avoid losing any important data.

Booting into PALADIN Persistence Mode

- Insert your PALADIN USB into the computer you want to use
- Turn on the computer and enter the **Boot Menu**
 - This is usually done by pressing F12, F2, ESC, or DEL during startup
- Select your USB drive as the boot device
- When the PALADIN menu appears, choose **Persistence Mode**

You're now running PALADIN with Persistence Mode enabled — any settings, updates, and case files will be saved between reboots!



Tips for Best Performance

- **Be patient on first boot** It may take **3–5 minutes** to start the first time, especially if you created a large persistence volume
- Always eject the USB drive safely to avoid corruption of saved data
- Back up important case data regularly even with persistence, a backup is always best practice



Contact Us

For more information about PALADIN feel free to reach out to us directly at any time.

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